University of Gondar The Ohio State University WOAH Veterinary Education Twinning Program

UoG-OSU WOAH TWINNING FINAL TECHNICAL REPORT 2015 - 2022





College of Veterinary Medicine & Animal Sciences

THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

> COLLEGE OF VETERINARY MEDICINE



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Appendix A - UoG Focus Forward Program



INTRODUCTION

In 2015, when the University of Gondar – The Ohio State University WOAH Twinning program was launched, it had a very specific agenda containing four specific interconnected objectives:



Aim 1

The first objective was accomplished by first developing an *Assessment and Implementation of Day 1 Competencies (AID-1C)* methodology to assess the University of Gondar – College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Sciences (UoG-CVMAS) veterinary degree program curricula and their teaching capacity in relation to the WOAH's Day 1 Competencies and Veterinary Education Core Curriculum. Second, by prioritizing identified gaps and weaknesses in the UoG-CVMAS veterinary curriculum, pedagogy, and other academic areas to help create a comprehensive *Action Plan* to best address these problematic areas. And third, by developing courses, pedagogical tools, and training programs to fulfill Day 1 Competencies in the newly harmonized UoG veterinary Curriculum. This process resulted in the 2017 launching of a new veterinary curriculum that was harmonized with the WOAH Day 1 Competencies and WOAH Veterinary Education Core

Curriculum. This new curriculum was the first of its kind, not only in Ethiopia, but in Africa (<u>https://doi.org/10.3138/jvme-2019-0115</u>). This innovated curriculum went on to serve as the benchmark model for the new Ethiopian National Veterinary Curriculum, which was approved for use throughout the country in 2020. Today, all veterinary schools in Ethiopia are implementing the 2020 nationally harmonized curriculum fully aligned with the WOAH Day 1 competencies, which was based on the UoG-OSU WOAH Twinning Program assessment and experience.

Aim 2

Aim 2 was accomplished by designing a customized *Evaluation Tool* to evaluate all 19 WOAH Day 1 Competencies and 156 related Topics and Themes to help identify specific gaps and deficiencies. This tool not only helped to evaluate and revise the UoG-CVMAS Curriculum, but this tool is now an integral part of the AID-1C methodology, which guides veterinary schools through the process of assessing their program based on the WOAH guidance documents on veterinary education. This methodology is currently being applied in Southeast Asia. This experience was presented and shared to Indian Veterinary Education Establishments (VEEs) in a virtual workshop, 7- 9 June 2021. In June 2022, representatives from 37 SE Asian veterinary schools were trained on the AID-1C methodology. The workshops occurred in three countries (Cambodia, Thailand, and Philippines), with eight countries participating and over 70 participants representing 37 VEEs in Southeast Asia. In October 2022, the first three SE Asian veterinary schools performed their own curriculum assessments using the AID-1C methodology as did the UoG. This example clearly showcases the success of this aim not only in Ethiopia but also by showing the global impact of the Twinning program.

Aim 3

The third aim began once the new veterinary curriculum at the UoG-CVMAS was launched in 2017, a curriculum which was fully harmonized with the WOAH Day 1 Competencies and WOAH Veterinary Education Core Curriculum. Today, several hundred veterinary students have graduated from the University of Gondar who are well-trained to promote and protect the health of people, animals, and the environment, and ready to support the veterinary services of Ethiopia, which is also in line with aim 1. These students graduated with a higher-grade point average (GPA) than the students from previous years, and over 60% of the graduates under the new curriculum secured job within 6 months of graduation in veterinary medicine.

Aim 4

This final aim was achieved by first implementing a *Faculty and Student Exchange program* for training, collaborative research, and educational material development during the length of the Twinning program; second, by delivering multiple continuing education and professional training programs to support the activities highlighted in the Action Plan (including a total of 6 CE courses and over 150 trainees); third, by participating in multiple cross-twinning workshops to promote

the educational model, the experience, and expertise gained at the UoG. Through the WOAH/OIE Twinning program, we successfully implemented 6 different continuing education courses with multiple editions over the years that provided advanced training for over 150 academic staff from the UoG and other Ethiopian veterinary schools, as well as representatives from different government agencies and practicing veterinarians. The impact of these trainings extended well beyond the University of Gondar as one in four continuing education participants were from other academic institutions and veterinary schools across Ethiopia.

All major documents and annual reports explaining the most relevant activities performed during the UoG-OSU WOAH Twinning program in detail can be found at <u>this link</u>, and a timeline describing the process over time and the major impacts can be observed on the next pages.

In conclusion, this Twinning program has been incredibly successful in promoting WOAH Day 1 Competencies to improve the quality of veterinary education in Ethiopia by helping to produce young veterinary professionals that are better prepared to serve in their country's veterinary services.



WORKING PLAN

The work plan was originally divided into two main tasks that were undertaken simultaneously as shown in the figure. *Task 1, Curriculum Assessment, Development, and Evaluation* was broken into three stages that were addressed in sequence. *Task 2, Human Resource Development and Exchange* consisted of three stages that were also run simultaneously with Task 1.



WORKING PLAN	STATUS
Activity 1.1: Faculty Retreat	COMPLETED
Task 1, Stage 1: Curriculum Assessment	
Activity 1.2: Site Visit, One Health Summer Institute, & CE Courses	
Task 1, Stage 1: Curriculum Assessment	COMPLETED
Task 2, Stage 4: Faculty Development	
Task 2, Stage 5: Student Training	
Activity 1.3: Cross-Twinning Meeting	COMPLETED
Task 2, Stage 6: Cross Twinning Collaboration	
Activity 1.4: Focus Forward, Action Plan and Educational Material Development Task 1, Stage 2: Curriculum Development	COMPLETED
Activity 1.5: UoG Faculty Development and On-site Training	
Task 1, Stage 2: Curriculum Development	COMPLETED
Task 2, Stage 4: Faculty Development	
Activity 2.1: UoG Faculty Development and On-site Training	PARTIALLY
Task 1, Stage 2: Curriculum Development	COMPLETED
Task 2, Stage 4: Faculty Development	
Activity 2.2: One Health Summer Institute & Continuing Education Courses	
Task 2, Stage 4: Faculty Development	COMPLETED
Task 2, Stage 5: Student Training	
Activity 2.3: VPM Rotation & Farm to Table-Ohio	
Task 2, Stage 5: Student Training	COMPLETED
Activity 3.1: VPM Rotation & Farm to Table-Ohio	
Task 2, Stage 5: Student Training	COMPLETED
Activity 3.2: One Health Summer Institute & Continuing Education Courses	PARTIALLY
Task 2, Stage 4: Faculty Development	COMPLETED
Activity 3.3: Closing Workshop	
Task 1, Stage 3: Curriculum Implementation	COMPLETED
Activity 3.4: Cross-Twinning Meeting	
Task 2, Stage 6: Cross-Twinning Collaboration	COMPLETED

IMPLEMENTATION TIMELINE

Competency Assessment and Curriculum Review – Faculty Retreat

The development of this harmonized curriculum required extensive review and analysis of the previous UoG-CVMASc curriculum to identify gaps in comparison to the WOAH Model Core Veterinary Curriculum. The curriculum was evaluated by faculty members (Faculty Retreat), senior students, recent graduates, and stakeholders (see 1st Annual Report).

Focus Forward – Prioritization and Action Plan

The evaluation of the curriculum was followed by an exercise to discuss possible solutions to the issues identified, as well as a prioritization process of those solutions. That process was accomplished using the **Focus Forward Methodology** as described in the <u>2nd Annual Report</u>.

Ministry of Education – Ethiopian Government

During the Focus Forward meeting, a representative from the Minister of Education provided his approval to the action plan created, allowing the UoG-OSU Team to move forward on designing and implementing the new revised curriculum in September 2017. Unlike veterinary colleges in the United States that have their own unique curricula, Ethiopian veterinary colleges all utilize the same Ministry of Education-approved, country-wide harmonized curriculum. Therefore, any major changes made to the core curriculum require official approval by the Ministry. However, because the changes to create the new WOAH harmonized curriculum were maintained below 25%, the review and modification process was allowed to be done internally at the University of Gondar.

UoG-CVMAS Curriculum Development Task Force

A **Curriculum Development Task Force** was created at the UoG-CVMASc to move the revision of the curriculum forward, incorporating missing WOAH competencies and related content. Their responsibility was to revise and modify the previous curriculum to create the newly WOAH Harmonized Curriculum and follow through with the approval process to obtain authorization to launch the curriculum by September 2017.

Action Plan (PDF)

The results of the Focus Forward event were used to prepare the **Twinning Action Plan**, which set forth the specific tasks to be accomplished by partners at both universities.

College Academic Unit Council (AUC)

The proposed curriculum went through a rigorous approval process. First, it was approved by the Dean of the UoG-CVMAS at the time, Dr. Tsegaw Fentie, who then forwarded it to the **College Academic Unit Council (AUC)**, which is formed by faculty from all departments. The AUC then reviewed and approved the proposed curriculum and implementation plan.

University of Gondar Senate

After the College-level approval, the proposed curricular plan was submitted to the Education Quality Assurance and Audit Directorate, under the Vice President of Academic Affairs' office, for the final formatting and submission of the new curriculum to the **UoG Senate**. The Senate provided the final cross-check for appropriateness, logistical implementation, and follow-up.

Feb

2015

Oct

2016

Feb

2017

Jul

2017

Aug

2017

Sep

2017

Implementation

Sep

2017

Aug

2019

Sep

2020

Aug

2022

Sep

2022

Acceptance of the first cohort of veterinary students under the new WOAH Harmonized Curriculum

Harmonized National Curriculum in Ethiopia-

The Ethiopian Ministry of Science and Higher Education (MOSHE) initiated the review and update of the national veterinary curriculum. For that purpose, three universities were assigned the task to revise the curriculum including University of Gondar, Bahir Dar University and Addis Ababa University. This taskforce, in cooperation with all Ethiopian VEEs, reviewed 100% of the courses' content through a series of meetings and communications. During the evaluation process, the University of Gondar 2017 WOAH Harmonized Veterinary Curriculum was used as a benchmark, as well as the experiences and expertise gained during the UoG-OSU WOAH Twinning program. The final draft of the Ethiopian National Curriculum, containing all previously missing competencies and realigned courses in regard to all WOAH/OIE Day 1 Competencies, was endorsed by all other veterinary colleges/schools in their final meeting.

Implementation of the new National Harmonized Curriculum

The 2020 revised harmonized DVM curriculum was launched, and it is currently being implemented in 13 universities across Ethiopia.

First Day 1 Graduates from the University of Gondar

The first cohort of veterinary students trained using the revised 2017 WOAH Harmonized curriculum at the UoG-CVMAS graduated in August 2022.

Closing Conference – End of UoG-OS WOAH Twinning Program

The conference, "Promoting WOAH Day 1 Competencies to Improve the Quality of Veterinary Education in Ethiopia," featured a wide range of speakers, who discussed the achievements of the program and important lessons for other institutions wishing to pursue a similar process to improve the quality of their Day 1 veterinary graduates following the WOAH guidelines. While this event marked the formal end of the Twinning program at the University of Gondar, the strong partnership between The Ohio State University and the University of Gondar will go on, continuing to support efforts to ensure that Ethiopian veterinary graduates are well prepared to protect human and animal health and provide strong support the veterinary services of Ethiopia.



University of Gondar - The Ohio State University WOAH/OIE Veterinary Education Twinning Program Major Accomplishments 2015 - 2022



All 13

veterinary schools in Ethiopia have participated in one or more of the WOAH Twinning activities

The Veterinary Curriculum at the UoG was used as the **Model Curriculum in Ethiopia**

World Organization for **Animal Health** (WOAH/OIE) Harmonized **Veterinary Curriculum** implemented in Africa, launched in 2017

and as a benchmark to create the 2020 National Veterinary Curriculum currently being implemented across the country



future veterinarians have started under the newly WOAH harmonized curriculum at the UoG **College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal** Sciences (UoG-CVMASc)



of Courses in the **UoG-CVMASc Curriculum** were modified to fulfill **WOAH Day 1 Competencies**



of the Faculty at the UoG-CVMASc have obtained certification on Teaching Methodology and Pedagogy



of the students had participated in Veterinary Clubs created under the **WOAH Twinning program**



Academic Staff from the UoG and other universities have been trained in 6 CE courses sponsored by the WOAH/OIE Twinning program focused on Day 1 Topics



of CE course participants were from other academic institutions and veterinary schools across Ethiopia

UoG Veterinary students participated in the **Veterinary Preventive Medicine Rotation in Ohio**

University of Gondar - The Ohio State University WOAH/OIE Veterinary Education Twinning Program Major Accomplishments 2015 - 2022



participated in the Twinning Exchange Program were recruited as faculty/instructors in Ethiopians Veterinary Education Establishments





National and Regional Government officials, as well as prominent veterinarians from the private sector, have increased their direct involvement in the education and training at the UoG-CVMAS

Global Impact – SE Asia Expansion





representatives from SE Asia veterinary schools were trained (June 2022) on the AID-1C methodology developed and tested in Ethiopia



The Assessment and Implementation of Day 1 Competencies (AID-1C) methodology has been endorsed by the ASEAN Veterinary Statutory Body Network as a mechanism to implement a minimum accreditation standard based on the WOAH Day 1 competencies



3 assessment workshops took place in Thailand, Philippines, and Cambodia (Oct 2022), in which over 273 participants were involved in the evaluation and 38 Veterinary Education Establishments from eight countries participated as observers

TECHNICAL REPORT

The final *UoG-OSU WOAH Twinning Technical Report* summarizes all of the major activities and subactivities that were designed to address the prioritized gaps and deficiencies identified during the curriculum assessment and evaluation of the UoG-CVMAS veterinary curriculum and that supported all the action described in the introduction These activities not only reflected the possible solutions recommended and prioritized by the participants during the Focus Forward event (methodology that was described in the <u>2nd Annual Report</u>), but also the conclusions of multiple meetings among the partners of this Twinning program. This report contained a total of 50 activities and subactivities that were planned to address to the issues identified. In total, 84% (42/50) of the activities were fully executed as planned or beyond the original expectations. On the other hand, 16% (8/50) of activities were not able to be executed or were partially executed. The specific details of each activity performed or implemented, in alignment with identified gaps or weakness that was planned to address during the Twinning program, are provided here. In addition, further details of the activities and their impact are summarized in the *UoG-OSU Twinning Program Closing Conference Proceedings: Promoting WOAH Day 1 Competencies to Improve the Quality of Veterinary Education in Ethiopia*, attached in this document.

Although this technical report represents the formal end of this Twinning program, the strong partnership between The Ohio State University and the University of Gondar will go on, continuing to support efforts to ensure that Ethiopian veterinary graduates are well prepared to protect human and animal health and provide strong support the veterinary services of the nation. For example, in June 2022, we successfully launched the "Needs Assessment Survey for Implementing the 2020 Nationally WOAH/OIE Harmonized Veterinary Curriculum in Ethiopia" in partnership with the UoG-CVMAS. The survey is the first step in a two-step process consisting of 1) a survey of all veterinary colleges in Ethiopia to identify the challenges that they face in implementing the new 2020 national curriculum and 2) an in-person workshop to share results and prioritize viable solutions using the Focus Forward methodology. The results of the Needs Assessment will be used to inform the national strategy to support all Ethiopian veterinary colleges in effectively implementing the new national curriculum harmonized with the WOAH Day 1 Competencies.

The main objectives of the UoG-OSU Twinning program were to 1) Strengthen Ethiopia's Veterinary Services, 2) Develop a standardized assessment methodology, 3) Increase the number of competent, newly trained veterinarians, and 4) Provide continuing education and professional development opportunities to help keep improving the current veterinary workforce in Ethiopia. **We can say without doubt we accomplished those objectives and more**. However, much work remains to be done, and we will continue working with all of our partners to keep increasing the number of competent, newly- trained veterinarians in Ethiopia to support the national veterinary services and help to improve the well-being of the country's human and animal populations.

Curricular Mapping

Missing Competencies

► GAP: Three WOAH/OIE Day-1 Competencies were identified as missing during the curricular mapping of the UoG College of Veterinary Medicine curriculum:

- General Certification Procedures (2.10)
- Inspection and Certification Procedures (3.2)
- International Trade Framework (3.7)

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 Revise current courses to incorporate missing Day-1 Competency (2.10) General Certification Procedures to an existing class(es). 	 Two courses will be revised to incorporate the missing content: A. Theory concepts will be incorporated into the 4th year Veterinary Preventive Medicine (Vetm5233) course. B. Practical elements will be incorporated into the 4th and 5th year clinical practices: Clinical Practice I (VETM4181), Clinical practice II (VETM4182), Clinical practice III (VETM5241), and Clinical practice IV (VETM5242).

Activities Performed:

1.A. General Certification Procedures (2.10) Theory Concepts: The theory/concepts were incorporated into the *Veterinary Preventive Medicine (VETM5233)* course as a chapter and delivered to 5th year students as a one-hour lecture. The content includes procedures to determine if an animal is healthy with the purpose to provide a health certificate, including detecting signs of infectious diseases or to evaluate other health conditions in live animals at an individual or herd level.

1.B. Incorporation of Practical Elements: Hands-on practice of performing health examinations for certification purposes were incorporated into the courses *Clinical Practice II (VETM4182), Clinical Practice III (VETM5241),* and *Clinical Practice IV (VETM5242)* in the last years of the training program. In these courses the students become familiar on how to perform (exercise), and complete animal health certificates used in transporting live animals or animal products for domestic or international trades.

The courses *Clinical Practice II* and *III* are administered in the teaching veterinary clinics for 16 hours and *Clinical Practical IV* is offered during off-campus site visits or students' rotation through different regional and national institutions such as National Animal Health Diagnostic Laboratories, vaccine production centers, quarantine stations, animal breeding and reproductive centers, export abattoirs, etc. The off-campus rotational training is a 3-week program.

Action Item

 Revise current courses to incorporate missing Day-1 Competency (3.2) Inspection and Certification Procedures to an existing class(es).

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

Theory concepts will be incorporated into the 4th year *Veterinary Public Health I (VETM4171)* and *II (VETM4172)* courses.

Activities Performed:

Inspection and Certification Procedures (3.2): The theory concepts of this competency were incorporated into the 4th year *Veterinary Public Health I (VETM4171)* and *Veterinary Public Health II (VETM4172)* courses. Contents include procedures for inspection of the health status of animals and safety of animal products, development, and use of health certificates for transportation, domestic consumption, or exportation.

In additional to the originally planned activities, all students are exposed to official animal health certificates currently used by the Federal National Veterinary Service department for exportation of live animals and products in the *Clinical Practical IV* course during student final year rotations.

Action Item

 Revise current courses to incorporate missing Day-1 Competency (3.7)
 International and Trade Framework to an existing class(es).

Theory concepts will be incorporated into 4th year *Animal Health Economics (VETM5234)* course.

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

Activities Performed:

International Trade Framework (3.7): Because of the complexity and amount of material in this competency, its content and related topics were incorporated as learning chapters in two courses in the 5th year of the veterinary curriculum instead of one as originally planned: the *Animal Health Economics (VETM5234)* and *Veterinary Ethics and Jurisprudence (VETM5202)* courses.

Contents such as: introducing World Trade Organization (WTO) and other standard setting organizations (WOAH, CODEX), the Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS) and other international standards, the roles and responsibilities of the WOAH/OIE in developing regulations governing international trade in animals and animal products, the Codex Alimentarius Commission and its role in developing regulations governing international trade in food products of animal origin, and implications of transboundary diseases on international trade were included as a 2-hour lecture in the *Animal Health Economics (VETM5234)* course.

Topics related to the roles and responsibilities of the international regulations, requirements and guidelines for international trade or safe trade of animals and animal products, import control mechanisms and certification processes were incorporated as a learning chapter in the *Veterinary Ethics and Jurisprudence (VETM5202)* course and delivered as a 2-hour lecture.

OIE Missing Content

- ► GAP: Significant content from the WOAH/OIE Veterinary Education Core Curriculum were identified as missing during the UoG College of Veterinary Medicine curricular mapping, among them:
 - Risk analysis.
 - Drug withdrawals times and drug residues (including testing and impact).
 - Environmental health and biological waste management.
 - Outbreak investigation and outbreak management.

	Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
		Two main approaches will be utilized:
√ 4.	Incorporate Risk Analysis through expanding content already in the UoG	A. Theory concepts will be incorporated into the 5 th year <i>Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)</i> course.
	Veterinary Curriculum and add a practical oriented teaching component.	B. Practical portions will be incorporated in the same course via assignments which could include: case-based scenarios, group homework assignments, and/or risk analysis exercises.

Activities Performed:

4.A. Application of Risk Analysis (3.5) theory concepts: Introduction of Risk Analysis, including its main components such as hazard identification, risk assessment, risk management, and risk communication, were incorporated as part of the *Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)* course in both the previous curriculum and the new 2017 harmonized curriculum.

4.B. Application of Risk Analysis (3.5) practical elements: Practical applications of Risk Analysis were included into the same course and delivered in a 3-hour teaching block. The teaching methodology used to teach this practical component is based on Risk Analysis tabletop exercises that are case-based scenarios with group assignments.

Different from some of the other activities in which the changes will not/have not occurred until the students reach the new course or content in the newly WOAH harmonized 2017 curriculum, the decision was made to incorporate all of this content immediately so current student in the program could take full benefit of the newly created content and practical applications.

Training and Continuing Education Courses at Gondar: To support the development of Risk Analysis based content, two training/continuing education courses focused on "*International Trade and Risk Analysis*" were delivered in Gondar, Ethiopia (2017 and 2018). This course aimed to familiarize participants with intergovernmental organizations (FAO, WOAH, WTO, WHO) involved in international trade of animals and animal products, including international rules and regulations on import/export such as: Codex Alimentarius and the Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) agreement. This course also provided an introductory level

description and application of the principles, concepts and methods applied in Risk Analysis on import and export of livestock products and live animals. After this course, the participants were able to: Understand the functions and roles of intergovernmental organizations regarding global trade of animals and animal products and conduct a general qualitative risk analysis following WOAH/OIE standards.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
5. Incorporate Drug Withdrawal content into the UoG veterinary Curriculum.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The 3rd year courses <i>Pharmacology and Therapy I</i> (<i>VETM3121</i>) and <i>II</i> (<i>VETM3122</i>) will be revised to incorporate the theory concepts in regard to Drug Withdrawal. B. During clinical courses in the 4thand 5th year students will fill out prescription forms and write instructions for clients to include withdrawal information. These forms will be reviewed and grade by faculty. Since there are no local regulations on this subject, best practice concepts will be utilized.

Activities Performed: (See also Action Item #18 - Training and Continuing Education Course) 5.A. Veterinary products (2.7) – Drug withdrawal time: Specific drug withdrawal times for each relevant drug, as a means to prevent drug residues in animal products, were incorporated into the *Pharmacology and Therapy I (VETM3121)* and *II (VETM3122)* courses, as well as allocated in the corresponding drug administration topics across both courses.

5.B. Veterinary products (2.7) – **Prescription Forms:** Practical exercise focused on adding proper withdraw times in the prescription forms were incorporated in the *Clinical Practice (III & IV)* courses. For that purpose, the prescription form used in the university veterinary teaching clinic/hospital was revised to include drug withdrawal time instructions where they correspond. The 4th and 5th year students practice completing the case report sheet and drug prescription form by including drug withdrawal period information. The proper completion of the prescription form by each student is often monitored by the faculty and /or the clinician on duty.



Ethiopian Veterinary Schools that have participated in UoG-OSU WOAH Twinning Activities

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 ✓ 6. Incorporate Drug Residue Testing into the UoG veterinary Curriculum. 	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The DVM Curriculum Review Taskforce will evaluate how to incorporate such content to the 4th year course <i>Veterinary Public Health II</i> (<i>VETM4172</i>). Since there are no local regulations on this subject, best practice concepts will be utilized. B. Evaluate how to add to the 4th year <i>Veterinary Public Health II</i> (<i>VETM4172</i>) course the practical testing of the presence of Drug Residues in carcasses and other food products. Consider this activity as part of a future Laboratory Twinning proposal.

6.A. Drug Residue Testing – Foundational Knowledge: The theory concept of food safety and environmental impact of drug residues and drug/chemical residue testing in animal products (meat, milk, etc.) was incorporated as a topic in the *Veterinary Public Health II (VETM4172)* course for 4th year veterinary students.

6.B. Drug Residue Testing – Practical elements: Practical experiences for testing the presence of drug residues in animal source food products is not delivered at UoG-CVMAS teaching laboratory due to unavailability of test materials/kits. This practical element was planned to be addressed through a laboratory twinning program focused on establishing such capacity at the UoG; however, the proposal was not submitted as other major priorities took precedent.

Nevertheless, UoG-CVMAS students are exposed to drug residue testing (for issuing health certificates) at the *National Veterinary Drugs, Feed and Food Products Quality Control Laboratory* (managed by the Ministry of Agriculture) during their 5th year off-campus training rotation (*Clinical Practice IV* course).



Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
	The main approach will be the creation of a newly independent, semester long course entitled <i>"One Health" (VETM5173).</i>
 7. Incorporate Environmental Health and Biological Waste (manure) Management 	In this course it will be covered the environmental health and biological waste management content as other One Health topics or areas identified missing or lacking in the curriculum. The course will count for 2 credit hours, and it will be delivered on the 5 th year second semester of the veterinary curriculum.
into the UoG veterinary Curriculum.	This course will be incorporated in a future restructuring of the veterinary curriculum, which would take full effect in the 2017-2018 cycle. All new incoming veterinary students will be placed under the new updated and harmonized curriculum following WOAH/OIE guidelines.
Activities Deufeumed	Since there are very few specific or detail local and national regulations on this specific subject, best practices will be used.

Environmental Health and Biological Waste Management: An independent "One Health" course with 3 ECTS (European Credit Accumulation and Transfer System) was developed and inserted into the UoG DVM curriculum and began being delivered to 5th year students as a semester-long course since 2021. The course content was developed by incorporating the concept and application of One Health in the control of emerging and re-emerging zoonotic diseases, foodborne diseases and food safety, antimicrobial resistance, and environmental health and biological waste management.

In the Ethiopian Nationally Harmonized DVM Curriculum (2020), the concept of One Health was included as a section in *Vet Public Health I* course, and the application of One Health incorporated into different courses including *Vet Public Health II*.

A UoG-CVMAS faculty who visited the OSU was responsible in drafting the course content that produced the final version implemented today.

	Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
✓ X ^{8.}	Incorporate Outbreak Investigation and Management into the UoG veterinary Curriculum.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The DVM Curriculum Review Taskforce will evaluate how to incorporate such content to the 5th year <i>Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)</i> course. B. Organize a short-term training course for staff members on Outbreak Investigation and Outbreak Management to be offered during the One Health summer Institute in Gondar, Ethiopia.

8.A. Outbreak Investigation and Management – Foundational Knowledge: The course content of *Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)* was revised to provide more emphasis on outbreak investigation and control management. The newly designed course content is delivered to 5th year students as a separate 2-hour block. The faculty rely on practical tabletop exercises to deliver this content, including several teaching aids (i.e., video and case-scenario writing exercise), designed to help the students to understand the steps and process of outbreak investigation and control management, as well as to develop skills related to collecting, handling, and shipment of appropriate specimens for the investigation of reportable animal disease or foodborne outbreaks.

8.B. Outbreak Investigation and Management – Faculty Training / Continuing Education Course: A short-term training continuous education course for staff members on *Outbreak Investigation and Management* was proposed to be offered by OSU faculty during the One Health Summer Institute training in Gondar. However, even though the course has been designed and developed by OSU faculty it was not possible its delivery at Gondar. It is expected that in future iterations of the One Health Summer Institute at Gondar such course could be delivered.

Faculty Exchange: In March 2018, Dr. Tsegaw Fentie, (former) Dean of the UoG-CVMASc, traveled to Columbus, OH, as part of the Faculty Exchange program. He attended classes and other academic activities to gain ideas and experiences that would allow him to generate the educational material needed (based on the Action Plan) and improve teaching content and delivery in Gondar. Dr. Fentie met with faculty responsible for teaching Epidemiology to both professional and graduate students at OSU-CVM and College of Public Health. They discussed teaching methodology and student assessment methods. Dr. Fentie updated the UoG Veterinary Epidemiology course syllabus to include case studies, group projects, video scenarios and reflections as indicated above. These changes were designed to increase practical learning beyond didactic teaching methods. During his visit, Dr. Fentie also gathered valuable information for the development of two **PhD programs in Veterinary Epidemiology and Public Health at the UoG-CVMASc**. These programs were designed to train graduates to achieve a high level of scholarly competence in Veterinary Epidemiology and Public Health at the UoG-CVMASc. These programs include coursework in advanced epidemiology and biostatistics, experience in the classroom and laboratory, a dissertation, and an oral defense. In 2020, the first cohort of PhD students was accepted in these programs.

OIE Course Misalignment

- ► GAP: Several courses were identified to been taught in a different sequence in the UoG veterinary curriculum when compared with the Veterinary Education Core Curriculum WOAH/OIE Guidelines:
 - Animal Welfare (currently in the 5th year => ideally 1st or 2nd year)
 - Biostatistics (currently in the 5th year => ideally 1st or 2nd year)
 - Communications (currently in the 1st year => ideally across the program)

	Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
√ 9.	Relocate the Animal Welfare (VETM5202) course from the 5 th year to the 4 th year of the curriculum.	This process will take 1 to 2 years. The UoG will discuss with the Ethiopian Ministry of Education and Veterinary Schools on how to start the process of relocation to harmonize their curriculum with the WOAH/OIE recommendations.

Activities Performed:

Course Relocation: The Animal Welfare (VETM5202) course, which was originally delivered to advanced veterinary students in the 5th year of their program, was moved to the 2nd year of the curriculum as recommended by the WOAH Core Veterinary Curriculum. The purpose of this move was to expose the veterinary students to Animal Welfare topics earlier so they can implement them as they progress through their training. In addition to this move in the curriculum, practical components such as video demonstrations, case-based scenarios, and farm visits were newly incorporated into the Animal Welfare (VETM5202) course. One ECTS was added for practical exercises on this subject.

Training and Continuing Education Courses at Gondar: To support the redesign and further development of the *Animal Welfare (VETM5202)*, two training/continuing education courses focused on "*Animal Welfare, Productivity and On-Farm Assessment*" were performed in Gondar, Ethiopia (2017 and 2019). The goal of these workshops was to introduce participants to teaching strategies for the field of animal welfare. World Organization for Animal Health (WOAH) definitions, standards, and global guidelines for animal transport, food animal production systems, stray animal control, and slaughter were covered. By the end of these workshop, participants were able to: define animal welfare to include scientific, ethical, and cultural dimensions; find resources for developing coursework in animal welfare; create the framework for an introductory course in animal welfare.

Faculty Exchange: To help with the redesign and update of this course, it was planned for one UoG faculty member to visit OSU during the Spring of 2018 to specifically receive training and experience on Animal Welfare. However, due to unforeseen circumstances, the faculty exchange did not take place.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 10. Relocate the <i>Introduction to Statistics</i> course (Vetm5221) from the 4th year to the 2nd year of the curriculum. 	This process will take 1 to 2 years. The UoG will discuss with the Ethiopian Ministry of Education and Veterinary Schools on how to start the process of relocation to harmonize their curriculum with the WOAH/OIE recommendations.

Course Relocation: The Introduction to Statistics (VETM5221) course, which was originally delivered to advanced veterinary students in the 5th year of their program, was relocated to the 2nd year of the curriculum as suggested by the WOAH Core Veterinary Curriculum. The purpose of this move was to expose the veterinary students to statistical concepts earlier so that they could use them throughout their training program.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
11. Incorporate Communication into other courses across the curriculum instead of developing a standalone course on this subject.	 Three main approaches will be utilized to improve students' communication proficiency by providing additional opportunities and activities to practice such skill: A. Change teaching methodology to incorporate specific activities to boost students' communication abilities in multiple courses across the curriculum, including more written communication exercises (i.e., production of factsheets), oral presentation of assignments, etc. B. The DVM Curriculum Review Taskforce will study potential courses where to change their current assessment methodology to move them from only written examination (i.e., exams) to other forms of evaluations that could further help to improve the students' communications, group projects, etc.). C. Evaluate current courses by external examiners to identify potential areas of improvement and compliance.

11.A. Incorporate communication activities in current courses: An introductory-level Communicative English Course for 1st year veterinary students was part of the previous curriculum; however, the assessment performed indicated that such standalone course was not adequate to develop in the students' proper communication skills. In the newly revised curriculum, communication skill building activities were included into different courses across the six-year UoG veterinary program. Some of the changes were made in the teaching method by incorporating numerous communication exercises such as writing group projects and reports, oral presentation of assignments, seminars, and reports to improve students' communication abilities to different audiences.

11.B. Changes in assessment methodology to assess communication: Different assessment methodologies were incorporated throughout courses in the veterinary curriculum that allows evaluation of the communication skills of the students both in writing and verbal. For example, oral examination by internal and external examiners has been implemented in major veterinary courses as an assessment method to identify potential areas of improvement and compliance of the students. Several of those external examiners are veterinary professionals from local and regional government offices and institutions as well as the private sector.

11.C. External Course Audits: To date, no external audits of the teaching methodology, including communication skill methods have been able to take place.



Session 2

OIE Specific Competencies

Infectious Diseases Related Competencies

- ► GAP: It was identified in UoG veterinary graduates' low levels of confidence and proficiency across Transboundary Animal Diseases (OIE Day-1 competency 2.2), Emerging and Reemerging Diseases (2.4), Zoonotic Diseases (2.3) and Disease Prevention and Control Programs (2.5) in regard to:
 - How to identify or recognize infectious diseases, especially Transboundary Animal Diseases (TADs) and Emerging Diseases (EDs)
 - How to select the proper diagnostic technique and how to interpret their results.
 - How to identify proper therapeutic approaches and interventions to manage outbreaks.

Action ItemActivities Planned under the Action Plan12.a Improve student's ability to recognize and
diagnose Transboundary Animal Diseases
(Day-1 Competency 2.2) and Emerging
Diseases (2.4); including their ability to
Manage Disease Outbreaks (2.5).Design, develop and incorporate practical, real-based
outbreak scenarios into the 5th year Veterinary
Epidemiology (VETM5232) course that address the
identified deficiencies.

Activities Performed:

The 5th year *Veterinary Preventive Medicine* (*VETM5233*) course content was revised to accommodate these competencies and provide more emphasis on recognition and diagnosis of most important infectious diseases (TADs, EDs). Content related to outbreak investigation and management of TADs and EDs was addressed together under action item 8 as described in this report.

The original action plan included developing outbreak scenarios focused on these competencies by UoG and/or OSU graduate students as their Master Thesis projects. These scenarios would focus on relevant diseases for Ethiopia (i.e., Rift Valley fever), be culturally appropriate, and comply with international standards. However, due to different circumstances, the UoG-OSU teams did not develop such scenarios, instead they were acquired through the Day 1 Online Platform. Through this veterinary education site, in which both OSU and UoG are partners, multiple scenarios were made available to the UoG faculty for them to review and adapt such teaching material to their reality.

Faculty Exchange: One UoG faculty member was planned to visit OSU to specifically receive training and experience on emergency response and outbreak investigation; however, due to unforeseen circumstances, the Faculty Exchange did not take place.

12.b Improve student's ability to recognize and diagnose Transboundary Animal Diseases (Day-1 Competency 2.2) and Emerging Diseases (2.4); including their ability to Manage Disease Outbreaks (2.5).

Two main approaches will be utilized:

- A. Reinforce assignment of 5th year veterinary students to official field veterinarian by strengthening the off-campus rotation program.
- B. Theory concepts on these subjects will be incorporated into the 5th year Veterinary Preventive Medicine (VETM5233) course.

Activities Performed:

12.b.A. Strengthening off-campus rotation: The 6th year off-campus rotations were revised and strengthened to assure that all veterinary students were exposed to current national control strategies for TADs and EDs during their site visits to the *Ethiopian National Veterinary Institute (NVI) for Vaccine Production* and the *Ethiopian Animal Health Institute (AHI) for Research and Diagnostics*.

12.b.B. Foundational Knowledge: Theoretical concepts on TADs (2.2) and emerging infectious disease (2.4) were revised and incorporated into the 5th year *Veterinary Preventive Medicine (VETM5233)* course. Emphasis was given on the recognition of important TADs pathogens, transmission pathways and country level point of entry, national and international surveillance programs, and distribution of TADs, economic and public health implications, selection and interpretation of diagnostic tests and result interpretations. Practical and case-based scenarios were also incorporated for management of outbreaks of specific TADs. The revised *Veterinary Preventive Medicine (VETM5233)* course is offered in 5 ECTS/3 credit-hours.



Regulatory Medicine Related Competencies

- ► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate is not sufficiently competent in regard to General Certification Procedures (2.10) to determine if an animal is healthy and how to generate a health certificate.
- ► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate is also unsure of the proper authorities to report an incident event or outbreak of a Transboundary Animal Diseases and/or Emerging Diseases (TAD/ED), as well as the proper chain of reporting.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 13. Incorporate the elaboration of Health Certificates and General Certification Procedures (2.10) into Clinical Diagnosis and Practice. 	During clinical practice courses in the 4 th and 5 th year students will fill out health certificate forms to practice such certification procedure. Such forms will be reviewed and graded by faculty. Since there are no local regulations on this subject, best practice concepts will be utilized.

Activities Performed: (See also Action Items #1 and #2)

The rules and regulations regarding certification procedures were incorporated into the *Veterinary Ethics and Jurisprudence* course. To include in the new curriculum the practical aspects of this competency, the courses *Clinical Practice III (VETM5241)* and *Clinical Practice IV (VETM5242)* were modified so that the students could practice the completion of health certificates for transporting live animals or animal products for domestic or international trade.

In addition to the practical component, during off-campus visits, students are exposed to the official national health certificate form used by the Federal Veterinary Service department for live animal movement and product export purposes.



Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
14. Incorporate in the curriculum proper procedures to report the incidence or outbreaks of TADs/EDs, both at the national and international level.	Seminars describing the proper chain of reporting will be incorporated into the 5 th year <i>Veterinary</i> <i>Epidemiology (VETM5232)</i> course. These seminars will be provided by four different regulatory authority entities, who will be invited to teach this class/seminar on a rotating basis: A. Ministry of Livestock and Fishery-Division lead. B. Ministry of Livestock and Fishery-Regional Office. C. Ministry of Livestock and Fishery-Zonal Office. D. OIE Country Delegate.

Reporting outbreaks for TADs and EDs: The *Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)* course was modified to include a new chapter on Animal Health Information Systems in which students are provided with the proper chain of reporting and feedback that take place in Ethiopia. The revised content is delivered in 2-hour block. Students practice by completing a WOAH outbreak report using the official Ethiopian Veterinary Service formats, which is generally completed by the veterinarians in charge and sent to the Federal Veterinary Service and regional diagnostic laboratory for confirmation.

Invited experts from the Ministry of Agriculture (the Ethiopian WOAH delegate or Epidemiologists) teach portions of this course in the 2-hour assigned teaching block, and in addition, the invited regulatory authorities provide a seminar for 5th year students in this specific subject of outbreak management.



General Competencies

- ► GAP: The students and recent UoG veterinary graduates did not feel competent managing animal welfare related issues in common or routine situations.
- ► GAP: The recent UoG veterinary graduates were also identified as insufficient or not competent in:
 - Proper use of veterinary products, especially in regard to withdrawal times,
 - Drug residue testing,
 - Issuing of Health Certificates, and
 - Mobilization permits.
- ► GAP: The recent UoG veterinary graduates were also identified as insufficient or not competent in identifying up-to-date information regarding subjects related to WOAH/OIE Competencies.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
✓ 15. Insert Animal Welfare related issues into existing veterinary courses at the UoG College of Veterinary Medicine curriculum.	 Design, develop and incorporate practical, real-based scenarios dealing with common animal welfare related issues into their 2nd year <i>Animal Welfare</i> course (<i>VETM5202</i>) that address the identified deficiencies. Since there are no local regulations on this subject, best practice concepts will be utilized, including WOAH/OIE standards and lessons learned from other countries, until Ethiopia develops their own standards. Then Ethiopia standards would be taught.

Activities Performed: (See also Action Item #9)

Animal Welfare (VETM5202) course content was revised to identify gaps and incorporate practical components, including video demonstrations and case-based scenarios dealing with common animal welfare related issues in Ethiopia. International welfare standards including WOAH standards and lessons learned from other countries and global best practices were incorporated as new content. Local welfare standards for Ethiopia are currently under development by the Ministry of Agriculture to be issued in the future. Students in this course also participate in community awareness campaigns including training animal handlers in animal welfare issues, as well as exercising and evaluating welfare issues in animal farms (poultry and dairy) and UoG teaching clinics. The course credit hour was increased from 2 to 3 ECTS to incorporate the new practical components.

To further support the training of the veterinary students in this subject, brochures and leaflets were developed on working animal handling and management (specific to equines) in collaboration with the SPANA-UK (Society for the Protection of Animals Abroad) project in UoG.

Externship students (6th year) also enroll in the *Farm Practice (VETM6265)* course of 4 CrHr. During this rotation, extern students are assigned to different farms (poultry, dairy, feedlots, etc.) to assess and evaluate animal handling and management practices in location, identify animal welfare problems for individual animals, as well as animal populations, and advise farm owners in corrective actions. At the end of the course, students report their findings both in writing and through a short presentation and evaluated in front of internal examiners for grading.

Action Item

Identified deficiencies in this section, including proper use of veterinary products (especially in regard to withdrawal times), drug residue testing, issuing of health certificates, and mobilization permits are already planned to be covered under the Action Items #1, 2, 5, 6, and 13.

Activities Performed: See Action Item #1, 2, 5, 6, and 13.

16. UoG is opening a new veterinary library and will design special services to allow its students to have easy access to up-to-date information regarding subjects related to WOAH/OIE Competencies During the site visits to OSU, the UoG faculty will meet and consult with OSU-CVM Veterinary Library staff to obtain ideas and guidelines on how to provide easy access to their specific subject in a library setting.

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

Activities Performed:

The UoG-CVMAS designed and built a dedicated veterinary medical library which offers specialized services to allow veterinary medicine and animal science students to access to up-to-date information related to WOAH Competencies. How to use such online and digital sources was incorporated as a block on "Health Informatics" into the *Introduction to Information and Communication Technology - ICT* (CoSc120) course. The credit hour allocated to such course was also increased from 2 to 3 CrHr.

The UoG-CVMAS also equipped their student's library with dedicated ICT technology (i.e., 350 computers) that allows students to gain access to internet for browsing up-to-date information on WOAH competencies and other related educational resources.

Session 3

OIE Advanced Competencies

Organization of Veterinary Services

► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate was identified as not sufficiently competent in regard to Organization of Veterinary Services (3.1), specifically in regard to the organization of veterinary services in Ethiopia.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
✓ 17. Reinforce and/or include in the curriculum identification of the laws and regulations that provide governmental veterinary services (VS) their authority.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The 5th year <i>Ethics and Jurisprudence (VETM5202)</i> course will be restructured, and it will include new case-based teaching methods to improve the level of competency of the students in this subject. B. A two-year rotation of guest speakers including the governmental agencies listed under Action Item 14 will be organized in the form of seminars. These will target 2nd and 3rd year veterinary students to provide them a complete picture of governmental veterinary services in Ethiopia, including potential job and career opportunities.

Activities Performed:

17.A. Organization of Veterinary Services (3.1): The Veterinary Ethics and Jurisprudence (VETM5202) course content was revised to include the structure and roles of the national veterinary services in Ethiopia, as well as the governmental authority with specific laws and regulations currently in place nationally and the country's international cooperation with the global community. During the review and update of this course, practical case-based teaching methods were also included to improve the level of competency of the students in this subject. The Ethics and Jurisprudence course was restructured to 3 ECTS and moved to be taught to 5th year students.

17.B. Governmental Guest Speakers: Invited guest speakers from National and Regional Offices of Agriculture are now regularly providing seminars to 4th and 5th year veterinary students, in which these officials provide a complete picture of governmental veterinary services in Ethiopia, including potential job and career opportunities as stated in **Action Item #14.**

Management of Contagious Disease

- ► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate reported not to be sufficiently competent in regulatory components related to Management of Contagious Disease (3.3), specifically in regard to how to respond to outbreaks of contagious diseases (including TADs and EDs), such as:
 - Movement Control and Quarantine,
 - Traceability,
 - Humane Euthanasia,
 - Carcass Disposal,
 - Disinfection and Sanitization, and
 - Zoning and Compartmentalization Principles.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 18. Incorporate these advance competencies on Management of Contagious Diseases into the UoG veterinary curriculum. 	All the issues listed here will be incorporated into the newly independent, semester long <i>"One Health"</i> <i>(VETM5173)</i> course that would be created as previously described in Action Item #7. These topics will be delivered using a practical format to increase the level of student competency.

Activities Performed:

Management of Contagious Diseases (3.3): All topics and themes associated to this competency were distributed across three courses. Components of infectious disease prevention and control programs, such as movement control and quarantine, traceability, humane euthanasia, carcass disposal, disinfection and sanitization, and zoning and compartmentalization principles were included in the revised content of the *Veterinary Preventive Medicine (VETM5233)* course as a chapter as mentioned in Action Item #12. The One Health approach for the management of contagious diseases was incorporated into the *One Health (VETM5173)* course. And all topics related to infectious disease surveillance, source identification and routes of transmission, as well as risk communication as important elements of an Outbreak Investigation were incorporated into the *Veterinary Epidemiology (VETM5232)* course.

Training and Continuing Education Courses at Gondar: To be able to provide additional content and support to this competency, an *International Dairy Certificate Program workshop* (2019) was implemented at the UoG. This training focused on the identification of herd performance problems, development of effective herd health protocols with a focus on the proper use of antimicrobials drugs as described in the WOAH Standards, Guidelines, and Resolution of Antimicrobial Use, and development of a 'preventive system-in-place' that can be used in cattle and goat farms nationwide to manage important contagious diseases.

International Trade Framework

- ► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate was identified to be not sufficiently competent in regard to laws and regulations for international trade of animals and animal products.
- ► GAP: The average UoG veterinary graduate was reported not to be sufficiently competent in regard to international intergovernmental agencies and their roles and responsibilities.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 19. Include International framework and regulations (i.e., terrestrial animal health code, aquatic animal health code, <i>Codex</i> <i>Alimentarius</i>) into the UoG veterinary curriculum. 	The 5 th year courses <i>Animal Health Economics</i> (<i>VETM5234),</i> and <i>Ethics and Jurisprudence</i> (<i>VETM5202</i>) will be revised to incorporate this content.
Activities Derfermed	

Activities Performed:

International Trade Framework and regulations (3.7): Two 5th year courses, *Animal Health Economics (VETM5234)* and *Ethics and Jurisprudence (VETM5202)* were revised to incorporate international trade framework as stated in *Action Item #3*.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
20. Include roles and responsibilities of intergovernmental organizations (i.e., WOAH, WTO, FAO, WHO) into the UoG veterinary curriculum.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The first step will be as indicated in Action Item #19. Include subject in current courses. B. The second stage step will be to produce hard copies of material in the form of a Communicational Package Material.

Activities Performed:

20.A. Incorporation in current courses: The different roles and responsibilities of the most relevant intergovernmental organizations were successfully incorporated in the international trade framework as indicated in Action Items #3 and #19.

20.B . Preparation of Teaching Material for Faculty: One of the challenges identified by the faculty at the UoG and other Veterinary Educational Establishments in Ethiopia, as indicated by their Deans who participated in the Twinning program, is the lack specific material on the roles and responsibilities of intergovernmental organizations in regard to veterinary medicine that their faculty could use to instruct their students. It was planned to prepare a communication package material to be developed by the UoG on intergovernmental organizations associated to veterinary services to be distributed throughout the other Ethiopian veterinary schools to fill such gap. That package is still under development and is not currently available.

Session 4

Human Factor and Infrastructure

Student Issues

- ► GAP: Lack of motivation, proactiveness, and confidence were described by the UoG veterinary students as major roadblocks in their education. Some of the reasons provided were:
 - Students are assigned to DVM degree although this is not their professional passion (veterinary medicine was not their first or second choice).
 - There are no clear career paths post-graduation they have difficulty identifying relevant career options.
 - Strong hierarchical teaching structure which discourages student participation.
 - Limited communication skills.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 21. Change admission process to Veterinary Colleges to select motivated students who wish to pursue veterinary careers. 	Due to the fact that the admission process to Veterinary Colleges in Ethiopia is centrally managed by the Ministry of Education, the UoG cannot directly act on this action item. However, it was decided to perform a retrospective study on student admission criteria and its association with performance during school and job placement.

Activities Performed:

Changing the admissions process to Veterinary Colleges to select motivated students: The student admissions process was managed centrally by the Ministry of Education until 2020. Since then, the student admissions process has been modified. Currently, all UoG students are enrolled into the University under the Natural and Social Sciences program, attending common courses in the 1st year. Once they reach the 2nd semester of the 1st year, top performing and motivated students must apply to join the Medicine and Veterinary Medicine programs. This process has increased the number of highly motivated students pursuing the veterinary degree.

To justify such changes, a five-year retrospective study was initially planned to be undertaken that focused on student admissions criteria and its impact on student performance and motivation, but the study was ultimately not undertaken.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
22. Improve student motivation.	 Multiple approaches will be utilized: A. Several veterinary student clubs will be created to promote activities to increase their level of motivation and to envision future career paths. B. The UoG College of Veterinary Medicine will establish an Office of Alumni and Professional Development to provide direct support to its students in regard to job placement. C. Organize a regular veterinary symposium with other Veterinary Colleges focused on career development and related topics to Lobby the Government of Ethiopia for job opportunities and improved working conditions for veterinary personnel.

22.A. Veterinary Student Clubs: Student-led clubs were an important part of the overall strategy to increase student participation and motivation. The UoG-OSU student exchange program was instrumental for the initiation of student-led clubs in UoG-CVMAS. Three student clubs (Veterinary Public Health, Clinical Medicine, and One Health) have been established since 2018. These clubs were initiated and originally led by veterinary students who participated in the WOAH Twinning exchange program (see annual reports for details). **Today, these clubs are active and still led by the students at the UoG-CVMAS, where over 70% of the student body belong to at least one of these clubs.** Members of these student clubs have been actively involved in multiple extracurricular activities such as anti-rabies activities in the community, encompassing vaccination and awareness campaigns. They have also launched educational campaigns targeting high school students to showcase veterinary medicine as a potential career path in the hopes of inspiring the next generation of motivated veterinary students. The main goal and function of these clubs was to raise student motivation and involvement in their own education, while increasing the number of opportunities for extracurricular training and education necessary to cover some of the WOAH/OIE Day-1 Competencies. We can conclude without doubt that this has be a sound success.

22.B. Establishment a Professional Development program: The UoG created a *Career and Professional Development Center* to help motivate students and to assist them in securing quality jobs in their field. Under the Center, a program was developed to offer student support services that include career counseling and job placement, entrepreneurial skill training, and professional behavior and communication, among other valuable soft skills.

The UoG-CVMAS also established an *Alumni and Professional Development office* to help facilitate the interaction with the quickly growing alumni base of the College as well as to provide direct support to its graduating students in regard to job placement. The CVMAS is actively collaborating with Ethiopian Veterinary Association and Ministry of Agriculture in providing training for graduates interested in working privately and participating in Public-Private-Partnership.

These programs used the fundamentals provided during a training workshop on *Design and Establishment of Career & Professional Development Programs for Health Science Colleges* delivered by Amanda Fark (OSU), who is a professional development officer at OSU that works very closely with the Association of American Veterinary Medical Colleges (AAVMC). She delivered a week-long course focused on how to create career and professional development programs within professional schools. Some of the topics covered in this workshop, which was also attended by several authorities of the University, included: how to develop these programs, how to develop and foster mentoring programs for professional and graduate students, how to facilitate student relationships with alumni and employers, how to integrate professional development topics into the curriculum, and more.

20.C. Regular veterinary symposiums focused on career and professional development: Currently the UoG and the OSU are collaborating in developing a needs assessment study involving all veterinary schools in Ethiopia. This type of symposiums would be included in the new phase under this program sponsored by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation.

Action Item

23. Counter strong hierarchical teaching through a pedagogical training program.

Create a short-term pedagogical training program for UoG Professors to attend during early summer.

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

Activities Performed:

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Faculty Pedagogical Training: It was originally planned for a short-term course for UoG faculty to be delivered by an OSU expert during the One Health summer program. The aim of this workshop was to showcase different teaching techniques and methodologies to help improve the pedagogical delivery of the courses and their content, both theory and practice, by the UoG-CVMAS faculty and instructors. However, due to unforeseen circumstances, this course was not able to be delivered.

Action Item

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

24. Strengthen teacher-student relationships.

Involve faculty as advisors for student clubs.

Activities Performed:

To help improve and strengthen teacher-student relationships, several activities have been put in place. One of the most successful is in regard to faculty involvement with the students' clubs. Today multiple interested faculty members directly and actively advise and support all three clubs. The faculty help to maintain continuity of the activities as students move through the program, as well as help to maintain the focus of each club on complementing the student's education and training in regard to the Day 1 competencies. Another example is the assignment of student advisors by each department to each group of students that enter the College so the students can consult directly with these faculty advisors about academics and other relevant social issues that can affect students' performance and motivation. This has opened different channels of communication between the faculty and the students.

Action Item

Identified deficiencies in this section in regard to Communication are already planned to be covered under the Action Items #11.

Activities Performed:

Details of the activities implemented are described in Action Item #11 in this technical report.

Teaching Issues

► GAP: Several issues were identified, by both students and faculty, which were interfering with an effective teaching and learning environment, among them:

- Severe pedagogy or instructional method problems (from course design to class delivery and evaluation).
- Teaching methods are heavily classroom based.
- Insufficient experience (especially by young faculty) in certain subjects.
- Unenthusiastic students with little motivation to learn.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 25. Improve teaching methodology or pedagogy. 	Three main approaches will be utilized:
	A. Request more seats for the UoG High Diploma
	Program (HDP), which is mainly focused on
	teaching methodology; with a goal to reach 100%
	of faculty trained and certified. ^{*1}
	B. Require for the entire UoG staff to apply at least
	one active learning method for each course
	across the curriculum. ^{*2}
	C. UoG Faculty visiting OSU should rotate through
	the university teaching department.

Activities Performed:

25.A. Improve teaching methodology/pedagogy: To address this topic, faculty members of CVMAS attended the UoG one-year advanced training program to attain a Higher Diploma for Teaching Methodology. The number of faculty with Higher Diploma certification increased from 17 faculty trained (34%) before the WOAH Twinning program to 72 (80%) by 2020. This professional training program was focused on pedagogical skills to help faculty to prepare courses that ensure student engagement with the educational material, improve curriculum delivery, and augment student knowledge retention.

25.B. Active learning across curriculum: Today, all UoG academic staff is expected to apply active learning methods in each one of their courses across the curriculum. The UoG Education Quality Assessment and
Auditing Directorate monitors the proper implementation of active learning and performance of faculties every semester.

25.C. Faculty Exchange at OSU: Through the Faculty Exchange program, the Dean of the UOG-CVMAS visited the OSU-CVM, an opportunity during which he was exposed to different teaching methods while attending both undergraduate and postgraduate classes, as well as while visiting the OSU education development office. The aim was to provide the Dean with a menu of potential options that could be implemented at the UoG-CVMAS. After his return, the Dean shared his experiences with other UoG faculties in different seminars, as he provided oversight of the reviewing and updating process of their curriculum and looking for opportunities on how to incorporate such techniques.



Action Item

26. Audit courses/classes on a routine basis to evaluate their teaching methodology or pedagogy applied and suggest further changes (if needed). Activities Planned under the Action Plan

Each department has created a faculty committee comprised of 3 members that will evaluate all courses. They will perform this task through student evaluations, peer evaluations, and supervisor evaluations.

Activities Performed:

Audit courses on a routine basis to evaluate their teaching methodology or pedagogy: Currently, the department heads of the UoG-CVMAS in collaboration with the *CVMAS Education Quality Assessment and Auditing* coordinator, evaluated all the courses in the College and the respective faculty that teach them on a regular basis. This evaluation is performed through student evaluations, peer evaluations, and supervisor evaluations at the end of each semester before final examination is administered to the students. This is often practiced using a standard evaluation form developed at the College. No Twinning specific evaluation was performed at CVMAS.

	Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
✓ X	27. Provide more teaching CE courses or advanced training opportunities for the UoG faculty.	Initially UoG faculty visiting OSU will create training opportunities to share teaching methodologies and pedagogical techniques. The main goal is to eventually create a future Ethiopian centered program on veterinary medicine education.

Activities Performed:

Provide more teaching CE courses or advanced training opportunities for the UoG faculty: The Faculty Exchange program was originally planned to include 8 UoG-CVMAS faculty to visit OSU, so they could be exposed to advanced teaching methods, pedagogical techniques, all while acquiring additional skills/knowledge on specific subject areas, to be used in the design and development of new course materials, or to improve current courses. However, only 2 faculty had the opportunity to visit OSU due to unforeseen circumstances, which prevented further faculty exchanges.



Action Item

28. Identify sources of funding for continuing education and research to improve lack or limited experience in certain subjects by the UoG faculty.

Activities Planned under the Action Plan

The UoG College of Veterinary Medicine will establish an Office of Research and Publication. This office will work in identifying such opportunities and potential funding sources to support such training and research opportunities.

Activities Performed:

Research Support Office: A *Coordination Office for Research and Publication* has been established at the UoG-CVMAS and efforts have been done in developing proposals to pursue further funding both at the University level as well as from external sources. This office is in charge of identifying potential sources of funding for continuing education and research and providing support and training to the faculty looking to improve their lack or limited experience in regard to funding search.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 29. Establish an Ethiopian faculty exchange program across the Veterinary Colleges. 	A proposal for faculty from Ethiopian veterinary schools to rotate through other schools in order to exchange and advance knowledge and increase both experience and collaboration opportunities will be created. Funding for this activity will be pursue at the central government level.

Activities Performed:

Establish an Ethiopian faculty exchange program across the Veterinary Colleges: Although currently there is no well-organized faculty exchange program among veterinary schools in Ethiopia, UOG-CVMAS often invites professors from different universities to: 1) deliver courses for undergraduate and postgraduate programs; 2) serve as external examiners of students graduating thesis, and 3) deliver seminars on specific topics related to the WOAH Day 1 Competencies here described. Similarly, UoG faculty visit other universities and colleges to share their experience in both specific technical topics or on the development and implementation of their new veterinary curriculum.

The Ethiopian Veterinary Association currently supports the *Veterinary Deans' Forum* meetings, which bring together the Deans from all Ethiopian VEES to discuss academic and curricular issues. They also fund *faculty experience sharing visits* among VEEs in Ethiopia.

Infrastructure

- ► GAP: It was reported that many of the WOAH/OIE Competencies are primarily theory-based teaching, especially those with a clinical component. Some of the reasons listed were:
 - There are no diagnostic or service laboratories at the university and the teaching laboratories are largely didactic due to limited resources.
 - There are not (or are very limited) field diagnostic tests (i.e., CMT) for practice and teaching purposes, as well as limited supplies and materials for field training (i.e., sample collection).
- ► GAP: It was also identified one recognized gap present across the majority of competencies, the newly UoG veterinary graduates' ability to identify updated national and international sources of information relevant to Day-1 Competency subjects was considered insufficient or completely lacking.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
X 30. Identify sources of funding to develop diagnostic or service laboratories, which could be used to expand applied teaching.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. UoG-CVMAS will develop a proposal(s) to be presented to the Ethiopian Central Government to request annual funding to develop such labs. B. UoG would also develop a proposal for WOAH/OIE to perform a lab twinning program.

Activities Performed:

30.A. Internal and State Funding: Currently the UoG allots a recurrent budget to procure laboratory consumables and processes the procurement centrally. But most of the time, important test kits and supplies needed for the teaching and training of veterinary students are not available due to lack of availability in the domestic market or limited budget. No proposal has been developed to be presented to the Ethiopian Central Government to request the establishment of service laboratories.

30.B. Lab Twinning program: A Laboratory twinning program focused on establishing diagnostic or service laboratory capacity at the UoG was not submitted as other major priorities took precedent.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
✓ 31. Improve student access to information.	 Two main approaches will be utilized: A. The UoG-CVMAS will create a computer center in the new academic building. B. The UoG will acquire tablets for students. The FVM will discuss with School of Medicine, as they have already identified funding streams for this purpose.

Activities Performed: (See also Action Item #16)

31.A. Improve student access to information: The UoG has built a library dedicated to veterinary students with the necessary digital facilities to allow their students access to digital and online information. The CVMAS also developed an *Education Portal System* that helps teachers to share educational materials/resources and interact with students. Through the portal system, students can access reading and reference materials, lecture notes, among other educational tools used on their education and training.

31.B. Personal Electronic Equipment: In the original plan, it was envisioned that an acquisition of tablets would allow the students better access to the information and increase potential interactivity with the teaching material. However, the UoG-CVMAS was not able to secure funding to procure tablets at this time.

Action Item	Activities Planned under the Action Plan
 32. Teach students to search for up-to-date information online. 	This will be accomplished by listing preferred internet references and sources throughout the curriculum in the syllabi as appropriate.

Activities Performed: (See also Action #16 and 31)

Online Search Education: List of preferred internet references and other digital sources to access journals were made available to the students throughout the curriculum in the course content and also uploaded to the library server for offline access.



Appendices



Appendix A

UNIVERSITY OF GONDAR – THE OHIO STATE WOAH TWINNING PROGRAM CLOSING CONFERENCE





THE OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF

VETERINARY MEDICINE



World Organisation for Animal Health Founded as OIE

UoG-OSU Twinning Project CLOSING CONFERENCE

Promoting WOAH Day 1 Competencies to Improve the Quality of Veterinary Education in Ethiopia

> September 23, 2022 Gondar, Ethiopia















Closing Conference PROGRAM

SEPTEMBER 23, 2022

Gondar, Ethiopia

WELCOMING REMARKS	DR. SHIMELIS DAGNACHEW
OPENING SPEECH	DR. ASRAT ATSEDEWOYNE
MINISTRY OF EDUCATION KEYNOTE SPEECH	MOE REPRESENTATIVE
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE KEYNOTE SPEECH	DR. FIKRU REGASSA
TWINNING PROJECT LEADER KEYNOTE SPEECH	DR. ARMANDO HOET
DEVELOPMENT & IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UOG-OSU VET EDUCATION TWINNING PROJECT	DR. ACHENEF MELAKU
ACHIEVEMENTS OF UNIVERSITY OF GONDAR-OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY VETERINARY EDUCATION TWINNING PROJECT ON CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION	DR. TSEGAW FENTIE

Closing Conference **PROGRAM**

SEPTEMBER 23, 2022

Gondar, Ethiopia

CONTRIBUTION OF THE TWINNING PROJECT TO THE NATIONAL DVM CURRICULUM	DR. SHIMELIS DAGNACHEW
CAPACITY BUILDING/ONE HEALTH SUMMER INSTITUTE	DR. SELESHE NIGATU
IMPACT OF THE UNIVERSITY OF GONDAR-OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY STUDENT EXCHANGE PROGRAM ON DAY 1 VETERINARY GRADUATES/VISITORS	DR. ANDNET YIRGA ASSEFA
ENGAGEMENT OF VETERINARY MEDICINE UOG STUDENTS IN EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES AND IMPACT ON VETERINARY EDUCATION PERFORMANCE	DR. REHMET KEMAL
IMPACT OF TWINNING ON EMPLOYMENT IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR	DR. FASIL MESAFINT

Closing Conference **PROGRAM**

SEPTEMBER 23, 2022

Gondar, Ethiopia

IMPACT OF THE UOG-OSU OIE TWINNING PROGRAM ON EMPLOYMENT IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR	DR. TAMIRU TESSEMA
IMPACT OF THE UOG-OSU OIE TWINNING PROGRAM ON OTHER ETHIOPIAN VETERINARY SCHOOLS	DR. BIRESAW SEREDA
IMPACT OF THE UOG-OSU OIE TWINNING PROGRAM ON THE VETERINARY PROFESSION IN ETHIOPIA	DR. TEWODROS TESFAYE
THE FUTURE OF OSU-UOG COLLABORATION	DR. AMANDA BERRIAN
WOAH/OIE PERSPECTIVE ON THE TWINNING PROJECT	DR. DAVID SHERMAN
AWARD CEREMONY FOR TWINNING PROJECT TEAM	DR. GETACHEW ASSEFA
CLOSING REMARKS	DR. KASSAHUN TEGEG



WELCOME MESSAGES

Dr. Armando Hoet Director, Veterinary Public Health Program

The Ohio State University

The idea for the Twinning Program between the veterinary schools at University of Gondar and The Ohio State University began in the fall of 2014 when I met with Dr. Alain Dehove, the Finance Director of the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH, formerly OIE) and his team at the WOAH Paris headquarters. When we were discussing a proposed partnership between these two universities, we were focused on helping to design a program to help produce young veterinary professionals that were better prepared to serve in their country's veterinary services. At the time, when we were presenting this very modest goal, we could never have imagined how successful the project would be and the impact that it would have, not just at University of Gondar, but throughout Ethiopia and around the world. This conference, "Promoting WOAH Day 1 Competencies to Improve the Quality of Veterinary Education in Ethiopia," will feature a wide range of speakers, who will discuss the achievements of the program and important lessons for other institutions wishing to pursue a similar process to improve the quality of their Day 1 veterinary graduates following the WOAH guidelines.

One of the key achievements of the Twinning program was the development of

the Assessment and Implementation of Day 1 Competencies (AID-1C) model, which guides veterinary schools through the process of assessing their program based on the WOAH guidance documents on veterinary education. This process was developed and applied at University of Gondar and resulted in the 2017 launching of a new veterinary curriculum that was harmonized with the WOAH Day 1 Competencies and WOAH Veterinary Core Curriculum. This new curriculum was the first of its kind, not only in Ethiopia, but in Africa whole as а (article link: https://doi.org/10.3138/jvme-2019-0115), and it went on to serve as the model for the new Ethiopian National Veterinary Curriculum, which was approved for use throughout the country in 2019.

Through the WOAH/OIE Twinning program we also successfully implemented 6 different continuing education courses with multiple editions over the years, that provided advanced training for over 150 academic staff from the UoG and other Ethiopian veterinary schools, as well as representatives from different government agencies and practicing veterinarians. The impact of these trainings extended well beyond the University of Gondar; one in four continuing education participants was from other academic institutions and veterinary schools across Ethiopia. Many of them are probably attending this conference today.

While this event marks the formal end of the Twinning Program at the University of Gondar, the strong partnership between The Ohio State University and the University of Gondar will go on, continuing to support efforts to ensure that Ethiopian veterinary graduates are well prepared to protect human and animal health and provide strong support the veterinary services of the nation. For example, in June 2022, we launched successfully the "Needs Assessment Survey for Implementing the Nationally WOAH/OIE Harmonized 2019 Curriculum in Ethiopia" Veterinary in partnership with the UoG. The survey is the first step in a two-step process consisting of 1) a survey of all veterinary colleges in Ethiopia to identify the challenges that they face in implementing the new national curriculum and 2) an in-person workshop to results and prioritize share possible solutions using the Focus Forward methodology. The results of the Needs Assessment will be used to inform the national strategy to support all Ethiopian colleges veterinary in effectively implementing the new national curriculum harmonized with the WOAH Dav 1 Competencies.

Even as the Needs Assessment is expanding the impact of the Twinning Program in Ethiopia, the techniques developed at the University of Gondar are also being applied to veterinary education programs more than 5000 km away in Southeast Asia. In June 2022, representatives from 37 SE Asian veterinary schools were trained on the AID-1C methodology. The workshops took place in three countries (Cambodia, Thailand, and Philippines), eight countries participated, and we welcomed over 70 participants representing 37 Veterinary Education Establishments in SE Asia. In October, the first three SE Asian veterinary schools will perform curriculum assessments using the AID-1C methodology, and representatives from the remaining 34 schools will attend as observers, with the goal of completing the same process in their own institutions in the future. This is just one example of the global impact of the Twinning program. The main objectives of the UoG-OSU Twinning program were to 1) Strengthen Ethiopia's Veterinary Services by aligning the DVM curriculum with the WOAH Day 1 Veterinary Competencies and WOAH Veterinary Education Core Curriculum, 2) Develop a standardized assessment tool to identify training gaps in veterinary education, 3) Increase the number of competent, newly trained veterinarians whose education fulfill the WOAH Day 1 Competencies to promote and protect the health of people, animals, and the environment, and 4) Provide education continuing and professional development opportunities to improve the current veterinary workforce.

We can say without doubt we accomplished those objectives and more, as you will see in our conference today. However, much work remains to be done, and we will continue working with all our partners to keep increasing the number of competent, newlytrained veterinarians in Ethiopia to support the national veterinary services and help to improve the well-being of the country's human and animal populations.

WELCOME MESSAGES

Dr. David Sherman Programme Coordinator, Veterinary Education Establishment Twinning Programme

World Organisation of Animal Health

The World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) (founded as OIE) was established in 1924 as the intergovernmental organization responsible for improving animal health worldwide. To safeguard animals from disease and prevent the spread of zoonoses to humans, WOAH directs considerable energy and resources toward helping its 182 Members strengthen their national veterinary services (VS). WOAH recognizes that the foundation of a strong VS is well qualified and capable professional staff with the necessary knowledge, skills, and attitudes to perform effectively and efficiently.

Early in the implementation of the WOAH Performance of Veterinary Services (PVS) Pathway, which is WOAH's platform for providing support to Members for strengthening their veterinary services, PVS Evaluation mission assessments indicated that in many countries, the training of veterinarians was inadequate. In response, WOAH organized the 1st Global Conference on Veterinary Education in Paris, France, in October 2009. The conference addressed inequalities and shortcomings in veterinary curricula worldwide and identified the need for the development of minimum competencies expected of all graduate



veterinarians in all countries in both private and public components of the VS. In accordance with the recommendations adopted at that conference, WOAH convened an ad hoc group on veterinary education in 2010 with the support of selected deans of Veterinary Education Establishments (VEEs) from the five continents. In 2012, the ad hoc group produced the OIE Recommendations on the Competencies of Graduating Veterinarians ('Day graduates'). This set 1 of recommendations provides an overview of the competencies necessary for the Day 1 veterinary graduate to be adequately prepared to participate in the public good functions of national VS at the entry level. In 2013, the ad hoc group produced the Veterinary Education Core Curriculum OIE Guidelines. developed WOAH these guidelines to serve as a companion to its recommendations on the competencies of graduating veterinarians ('Day 1 graduates') to assure the quality of both public and private sector veterinarians contributing to the public good functions of national VS.

These guidelines are meant to serve as a tool for VEEs to use when developing curricula to educate veterinary students to the expected level of competency. In this context, it was also intended that use of the documents would help to identify a reference threshold for initial training of veterinarians, as the initial training periods for veterinarians vary widely around the world. Thus, an outcomes-based approach, with the development of curriculum to deliver specific competencies for graduating veterinarians, was promoted.

The WOAH Veterinary Education Establishment (VEE) Twinning Programme was also established in 2013. The overall objective of the program is to create a better understanding of the threshold of initial veterinary education worldwide so that assistance can be directed toward increasing the capacity of VEEs that are falling below this threshold. This can be achieved by strengthening compliance with the WOAH guidelines and recommendations veterinary education through on the "twinning" of VEEs. The WOAH VEE Twinning Programme thus provides the opportunity for VEEs in developing and in-transition countries to modernize their curricula and the ways in which they are delivered. Each twinning project under the program is a partnership between a recognized (and preferably accredited) VEE, known as the Parent, and a beneficiary VEE, known as the Beneficiary.

To date, 14 VEE Twinning Projects have been initiated with 12 of them so far been completed. These projects have yielded clear benefits to both the Parent and Beneficiary partners involved and have produced noteworthy outcomes in curriculum reform and teaching methodologies. Many of these successes have been described in a special issue of the Journal of Veterinary Medical Education WOAH Veterinary Educational on the (Volume 47 Twinning Programme Supplement, September 2020). The success of the Twinning between the Ohio State

University and the University of Gondar is especially noteworthy. As you will hear during this closing conference, not only did the partners achieve all of their intended objectives for curriculum reform, but the curriculum improvements developed at Gondar as a result of the Twinning project are being adopted by all the veterinary faculties in Ethiopia and the tools developed for curriculum assessment during this Twinning project are now being applied for curriculum assessment and reform in other regions of the world. From the WOAH perspective, this Twinning has been a remarkable success. Congratulations to all participants for a job well done.

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Development & Implementation of the UOG-OSU Veterinary Education Twinning Project | Dr. Achenef Melaku

In the last 15 years, there was a rapid expansion of veterinary education establishments in Ethiopia which was not supported by the necessary teaching facilities and capacities. To address such gaps, the College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Sciences (CVMAS) at the University of Gondar was trying to boost its teaching capacities. Building local or international collaboration among universities and research institutes has been given much attention since it is helpful to acquire experiences and share resources. The college was looking for collaborating opportunities and pursuit a veterinary education twinning project with The Ohio State University (OSU). Hence, this presentation will elaborate on the development and implementation of the project. In 2014, the College learned about WOAH/OIE Twinning Program and immediately established a committee and prepared a very rough proposal which was

followed by searching for a parent institute in developed countries as per the guideline of the World Organiation for Animal Health (WOAH/OIE). Professors from OSU volunteered to work with us and the final submitted proposal was prepared and submitted to OIE by OSU in early 2015. By May 2015 the project was approved and started immediate implementation. Several its achievements and successes were registered through the implementation of the project. It was commenced by identifying gaps and formulating and implantation of solutions. The veterinary college at UoG and other Universities in Ethiopia should work to scale up the impacts of this program by implementing recommendations to get the sustainable improvement of veterinary education in the country.

Achievements of University of Gondar-Ohio State University Veterinary Education Twinning Project on Curriculum Development and Implementation | Dr. Tsegaw Fentie

The World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH, formerly OIE) acknowledges the quality of veterinary education in many of the developing countries is deficient to develop the aptitude and proficiency of veterinary graduates to work across the multiple disciplines of the profession. The WOAH/OIE provides the requirements needed for graduating veterinary professionals to be competent in the delivery of animal health services. However, significant differences in veterinary curricula across countries, attributable to differing animal health priorities and predominant types of veterinary practice, provide a challenge for veterinary education establishments to address these competencies adequately. As part of the WOAH/OIE's Veterinary Education Twinning Program, the University of Gondar College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Sciences (UoG-CVMAS) in Ethiopia and College of Veterinary Medicine in the Ohio State University (OSU) undertook a curriculum mapping and gap analysis to assess the extent to which the veterinary curriculum addresses WOAH/OIE's Day 1 Competencies for graduating veterinarians. Results of the analysis indicated that three WOAH/OIE Day 1 Competencies (General

Certification Procedures, Inspection and Certification Procedures, and International Trade Framework) were four WOAH/OIE missed; (Risk competencies Analysis, Outbreak Investigation and Management, Environmental Health and Biological Waste Management, Drug Withdrawal Times and Drug Residues) were missed major WOAH/OIE contents; and three WOAH/OIE competencies (Animal Welfare, Biostatistics and Communication Skill) were misaligned/taught in different sequences. Gaps in the depth and breadth of instruction were found for a number of competencies in WOAH/OIE specific and advanced competency categories. These findings indicated the need for addressing the gaps in the UoG veterinary medicine (DVM) curriculum and develop human resource. As a result, the UoG-OSU twinning project worked out on the development and implementation of an WOAH/OIE standard curriculum that efficiently meets the national and international animal health requirements. Faculty and student development through exchange and continuous professional development programs were in place to motivate and strengthened the veterinary educational process in the UoG-CVMAS.

3 Contribution of the UoG-OSU Twinning Project to the National DVM Curriculum | Dr. Shimelis Dagnachew

The Ethiopian higher education curricula have been continuously revised to standardize and improve the production of quality for competent professionals. The DVM program in Ethiopia delivered in all veterinary schools/faculties/colleges are used a harmonized curriculum. However, still each veterinary college's curriculum is somehow unique as there is about 20% variation among them due to specific courses that are included based on geographical locations and/or variations in practical placements of the students. For instance at the UoG, our DVM curriculum has been implementing the Off Campus Training courses with practical placement conducted out of the campus in potential veterinary facilities including veterinary clinics, veterinary laboratories, export abattoirs, vaccine production, and other livestock technology institutes; which can be significantly different from other Colleges in the country. Furthermore, the DVM curriculum in UoG was revised in collaboration with the curriculum twining project of OSU supported by WOAH/OIE. In the last few years, the UoGhas incorporated courses that fill the identified gaps to attain the Day 1 competencies recommended by WOAH/OIE. Accordingly, CVMAS-UoG has been implemented the Day 1 WOAH/OIE competency revised curriculum since 2017. The first batch of students trained using the revised curriculum will be graduating in August 2022. Therefore, the objective of this presentation is to assess the contribution of the WOAH/OIE Day 1 competency based UoG - DVM curriculum for the harmonized national curriculum in Ethiopia. The assessment was done by desktop review of documents and observation of reflections from curriculum review process by instructors, committee members, and various stakeholders. The assessment of the contributions of UoG twinning revised curriculum has got an opportunity to be used as a benchmark and endorsed in other veterinary colleges/schools during the national curriculum revision program by MOSHE (Ministry of Science and Higher Education, 2019/20). In the national harmonized curriculum review process about 100% of the courses content incorporated in UoG -WOAH/OIE Day 1 competency based revised DVM curriculum were endorsed.

This review process underwent at different levels and stages of discussion by the dean's council meeting for the veterinary education establishment recommendations and curriculum review committee from represented colleges. According to the suggestion and comments forwarded three universities were assigned for the revision of the national DVM curriculum including University of Gondar, Bahir Dar University and Addis Ababa University. The main components included in the review process were including common courses, improving the course contents in line with WOAH/OIE Day 1 competencies, adjusting the level and sequence of courses. Specifically, the following actions were applied; incorporation of new courses, revising the course content by adding new chapters, merging of related courses and deleting of less relevant courses. In the incorporation of new courses and revising the course contents the WOAH/OIE Day 1 competencies have given priority and well endorsed. In conclusion, all courses and contents included in the UoG - revised DVM curriculum twinning project implemented since 2017 were incorporated in the national harmonized and revised DVM curriculum. Consequently, the revised harmonized DVM curriculum is currently implemented in 13 universities of Ethiopia and the experiences from University of Gondar revised WOAH/OIE Day 1 competency curriculum was used as a benchmark for the harmonized DVM curriculum in Ethiopian veterinary education.

4 Capacity Building/One Health Summer Institute | Dr. Seleshe Nigatu

The University of Gondar-Ohio State University collaborative Summer One-Health training is one of the exemplary collaborative professional development programs which created ample opportunities for students, faculties and researchers. Summer one health program provides multidisciplinary, short term need based trainings for UoG students and academic staff and experts in line sector offices (Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Health, National and Regional laboratories, etc.) and other universities since 2012. In this program more than 700 professionals were trained in various courses and more than 8 projects were implemented in collaboration with OSU. One of the activities of the WOAH/OIE supported UoG-OSU Veterinary Education Twining Project was to provide continuous education to UoG senior undergraduate and postgraduate students and teaching staff on selected courses related to WOAH/OIE day-1 competency.

Since 2016, in addition to UoG veterinary education curriculum development, the project supported continuous professional development trainings in the following topics; international trade, risk analysis, fundamentals of animal welfare, career and professional development in veterinary medicine, modeling foodborne and zoonotic disease, concepts of economics and epidemiology in agricultural development. Senior veterinary medicine students and over 150 professionals from UoG and other universities and institutions were trained. These courses were helpful to make UoG faculties familiar with WOAH/OIE standards and proper implementation of curriculum and to motivate veterinary medicine students and improve their competencies. Such а program shall be encouraged and get full support from the government to alleviate quality education challenges that may arise from knowledge gap and poor infrastructure.

5 Impact of the UoG-OSU Student Exchange Program on Day 1 Veterinary Graduates/Visitors | Dr. Andinet Yirga Assefa

Student exchange programs are among the strategies implemented by universities to develop students' intercultural skill and international knowledge. The University of Gondar-Ohio State University (UoG-OSU) student exchange program was conducted from October 31 - November 11, 2016 and from April 1-14, 2018 as a main strategy to achieve the objectives of UoG-OSU Twinning Program. A total of 16 clinical year UoG students were involved in two rounds. This presentation describes the impact of the exchange program on the participants' motivation and employment and the role of visitors in advancing veterinary education and veterinary service in Ethiopia. The exchange students attended one week on Veterinary Preventive Medicine education and one week focused on Public Health rotations twinned with final year OSU veterinary medicine students.

Over the two weeks stay at OSU, they attended different classes and they have visited different institutes, agencies, and productions systems across the State of Ohio. Up on their return, they shared their experiences to UoG veterinary medicine students, established student clubs, and are now working for different veterinary institutes as instructors or faculty. Overall, the exchange program was effective in improving the motivation of visitors and in injecting young graduates, having the experience of OSU, to different veterinary institutes where they can work to advance veterinary education and veterinary service in the country. Therefore, such student exchange program should be adopted in different veterinary schools of Ethiopia; however, it needs to have continuity and should involve higher number of students.

Engagement of Veterinary Medicine Students in
 Extracurricular Activities and Impact on Veterinary Education
 Performance, University of Gondar | Dr. Rehmet Kemal

Students' involvement in extracurricular activities is generally considered advantageous to their overall educational experience. Veterinary students experience high level of stress, with concerns about academic performance, workload, and the amount of time spent studying. This led them to experience higher levels of depression. Participation in extracurricular activities provide college students a variety of opportunity for better engagement in campus life within their institution associated with higher levels of retention through graduation, increased leadership capacity, student academic and career success, and generalized cognitive and social development. In the College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Sciences, University of Gondar two student clubs, Veterinary Public Health and Veterinary Clinical Medicine are established functional. These clubs and allowed the involvement of students in community outreach beside the regular curriculum.

The clubs were organized by students who were exchange program participants in the UoG-OSU Twinning Program in 2016 and 2018 to motivate students to actively participate in extracurricular activities, which raises students' skill on veterinary services and create Day 1 competent veterinarian for the country. These clubs have done different tasks including student's clinical skill development, free veterinary services to the community such as rabies vaccination campaign, and awareness creation on animal welfare and zoonotic disease control and prevention. As a result of this, they could increase the motivation of students towards veterinary medicine, though the clubs encountered various constraints that hinder the quantity and quality of their activities. In general, the extracurricular programs like professional student clubs are very essential for university students and should be developed and implemented in all Ethiopian universities.

7 Impact of Twinning on Employment in the Private Sector | Dr. Fasil Mesafint

EthioChicken is one of the largest and leading poultry operations in Ethiopia that focuses on production and distribution of improved breeds of poultry to rural households of Ethiopia. EthioChicken is founded in November 2010 to revive failing poultry operations with huge expectations from the local government and community. Through the public private partnership, EthioChicken started to produce chickens to smallholder farmers in mid of 2011 with a vision of reaching every Ethiopian family with improved breeds to improve nutrition, empower women and create income to partners and rural farmers. Currently EthioChicken has seven breeder farms, three hatcheries and two feed production factories in Ethiopia. The company distributes around 26,000,000-day old chicks annually and crates job for 8,000 day old chick growers and 1700 professionals and non-professionals in the country among which 76 are veterinarians. EthioChicken works in with close collaboration Veterinary Medicine colleges/schools in a University-Industry linkage program where students are attached to the companies for their internship to exercise their practical education in farm management, biosecurity, and herd health planning.

The UoG-OSU Veterinary Education Twinning project plays significant role in producing competent veterinarians to fill the gap for national veterinary workforce. The company recruits veterinarians by merit/ based on their competence at Day 1. Among vet employees, over one-third, that is 36% (27 out of 76 vets) are graduates from University of Gondar, which is due to high performance of UoG veterinary graduates. The team of veterinarians is the backbone of the system and takes the riskiest responsibilities of raising chickens from 45 to 60 days which needs vaccination, brooding, management and effective medication. They are solving two issues for EthioChicken which are market linkage to farmers and growing chickens to a level that can survive in the smallholder farmers' management and feeding. In addition to their professional role as practitioner, the vets serve the company as area sales manager and as member of the regional and head office team. EthioChicken appreciates the impact of UoG-OSU project that supports the production of competence graduates to the level of the company satisfaction in particular and to the private sector in general.

8

Impact of UoG-OSU Twinning Project on Employment in the Public Sector | Dr. Tamiru Tessema

In Ethiopia, the government is one of the primary employers of veterinarians, and government veterinarians provide the majority of veterinary care that production and working animals in Ethiopia receive. For this reason, one of the primary goals of the Twinning Program was to better prepare graduates to serve in this sector. The Veterinary Service Directorate in the Amhara Regional State works hard in fulfilling the national plan and efforts to improve the performance of the veterinary service. The contribution of the UoG-OSU Twinning Project in the production of competent veterinary graduates in Gondar and other Ethiopian universities is indispensable in improving the veterinary workforce at a regional and national level. Dr. Tamiru Tessema will discuss his perspective on the Twinning Program and the training of veterinarians in Ethiopia at large.

9 Impact of the UoG-OSU OIE Twinning Program on Other Ethiopian Veterinary Schools | Dr. Biresaw Sereda

Veterinary education in Ethiopia is expanding in the last two decades. However, the curriculum in most veterinary schools is derived from the pioneer institution, Addis Ababa University and harmonized across the schools. Although the curricula are harmonized, they lack WOAH/OIE recommended Day 1 competency and sequence of course delivery is not as per to the existing guidelines as it was observed during curricular evaluation. The objective of this presentation is to evaluate the impact of UoG-OSU WOAH/OIE twinning project on other veterinary schools in Ethiopia. In order to evaluate the impact of the Twinning Program on other veterinary schools in Ethiopia, a survey was developed and distributed to the fifteen schools. The DVM curriculum is revised and harmonized considering the recommended WOAH/OIE elements. Because of the Twinning Program, academic staffs of different schools came to understand about Day 1 competency and WOAH/OIE recommended course delivery. Most schools incorporated One Health, Animal Welfare, Food laws and Trade, and Transboundary animal diseases, either as self-standing course or as chapter in Veterinary Public Health and Epidemiology for undergraduate programs. Thus, the impact of the Twinning Program is immense and could be more helpful if expanded to other veterinary schools taking the lessons from University of Gondar.

10 Impact of the UoG-OSU OIE Twinning Program on the Veterinary Profession in Ethiopia | Dr. Tewodros Tesfaye

Veterinary professionals have been playing substantial roles in the improvement of the productivity and welfare of animals around the globe. Ethiopia with huge livestock resources has been expanding veterinary colleges throughout the country. On the other hand, the curriculum was not geared towards Day 1 WOAH/OIE competencies, and the quality of graduates was low. To enhance the competency of graduates in particular and the profession in general, the University of Gondar – The Ohio State University Veterinary Education– Twinning Project has been implemented since 2015. This presentation focused on the impact of the project on the veterinary profession in Ethiopia. The project extends from problem (gap) identification to designing and implementing strategies. The intervention activities were targeting the teaching process, the curriculum, students, academicians, researchers and veterinarians working in different colleges and institutes in the country. Hence, it brought tangible changes in the profession and the momentum has to be continued to bring sustainable changes and more societal benefits.

11 The Future of OSU-UOG Collaboration | Dr. Amanda Berrian

Building on the momentum from the Veterinary Education Twinning Programme, the University of Gondar and The Ohio State University are continuing their partnership to help strengthen veterinary education throughout Ethiopia. Current activities, including the National Veterinary Curriculum Needs Assessment and Day 1 Platform for Veterinary Education, will be shared

CLOSING REMARKS

Dr. Tsegaw Fentie & UoG Team

It is clear that veterinarians are vital in the Ethiopian society for not only treating and taking care of animals but also contribute to the human health and welfare. Enhancing quality veterinary education is a tool to produce Day 1 competent veterinary graduates in line to WOAH/OIE standard to improve the performance of the Ethiopian animal health services. The veterinary education twinning project between the Ohio State University and University of Gondar has proven to be a winner and has allowed the College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Sciences (CVMAS) to improve its DVM curriculum aligning with the WOAH/OIE's by recommended day 1 competencies, introducing active learning methods and implementing continuing education program. The project's success was facilitated by mutual respect for different cultural views and open discussion of



perceived limitations and collaborative approaches, and it has achieved an impact well beyond University of Gondar. This is evidenced by veterinary schools/colleges in other Ethiopian universities that have adopted the UoG active engagement curriculum, of CVMAS dean and local coordinator in improving and harmonization of the national DVM curriculum. The motivation of students, improved performance of UoG veterinary graduates at day 1 and their prior employability by the private and public sectors is also a witness for the success of the project. I am confident enough that the momentum of this effective OSU-UoG collaboration will sustain in implementing other be ongoing and incoming projects.



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